
All Animal Program Personnel
Facility Manager, All Animal Program Personnel
To Outline the Proper Procedures of Animal Transportation,
Relocation and Reassignment.

1. The following outlines the proper procedures of animal transportation, relocation and reassignment, to ensure accountability of animals with regard to source, assignment, use, and health status.
 1. All program staff contributes to the successful compliance with this policy.
 1. All transportation of animals, including intra-institutional transportation, should occur only when essential since any transit time introduces risks of exposure to environmental extremes, crowding, infectious agents, animal safety and well-being, and possible zoonoses, which can affect animal and public welfare, and the consistency of results.
 2. Movement of animals within animal housing rooms is discouraged. Movement of animals between animal housing rooms of a single facility, or between separate facilities is discouraged, and permitted only when requested in writing using a **Request to Relocate &/or Reassign Research Animals**, and approved by Comparative Medicine.
 3. Transfer of animals from one IACUC-approved research use (excluding mouse production as described in an IACUC-approved **Application to Establish/Maintain a Murine Colony**) to another is permitted only when requested in writing using a **Request to Relocate &/or Reassign Research Animals** form, the reassignment is justified in writing, and approved by both the originating and reassigned PIs and Comparative Medicine. An approved reassignment of animals from one IACUC-approved research protocol to a new IACUC protocol becomes effective on the date of the transfer, and all animal per diem, identifying cards, and inventories are changed to reflect this reassignment.
 4. Requests for _____ with respect to major medical, surgical, research or teaching procedures from an approved research protocol to a mouse colony protocol requires IACUC review and approval.

5. Shipment of animals to or from other institutions must be requested in writing using a ***Request to Receive Animals From Another Institution, or a Request to Ship Animals to Another Institution*** form, approved by and arranged and accomplished by Comparative Medicine, in compliance with _____, and the _____.
6. USF inter-institutional transfer of animals must be approved by the USF Technology Transfer Office Prior to arriving on and/or departing from USF.
7. Requests to ship and/or receive non-naïve animals on-study requires review by a veterinarian.
8. The health quality of animals is assessed upon arrival by physical examination, by clinical and diagnostic assessment in some cases, and/or by documented health assurances and quality control of the vendor.
9. Animals are transported from vendors either by a designated environmentally controlled vehicle, or by express air freight. Animals should be transported so that they are received within 24 hours of departure from the vendor's facility. Local transportation within the institution is accomplished using an environmentally controlled vehicle.
10. _____ is permitted only with prior approval and is conducted in the following manner:
 - a. Large animals such as goats, sheep, and pigs may be led by means of a leash and walked from room to room. Those animals not capable of being led will be crated and moved by means of a cart, or herded as appropriate.
 - b. Small animals such as rabbits, cats and young livestock may be individually carried or placed in a suitable carrier to facilitate movement between rooms.
 - c. Rodents can be transported between rooms while remaining in their primary enclosure. They may be carried individually or by utilizing a cart.
11. _____ is permitted only with prior approval and is conducted in the following manner:
 - a. All animals are placed in an appropriate transport/shipping enclosure of suitable size to permit normal movement and posture.
 - b. Non-rodent animals are ideally transported individually but may be group transported when social compatibility has been established.
 - c. Rodents are transported between facilities in commercially available polypropylene rodent shipping containers. Relocation of rodents within their home-cage, with filter tops adequately secured, is acceptable when relocating large numbers of rodents and the use of shipping containers is not practical.
 1. When transporting an entire rack, caging should be carefully secured using plastic wrap in such a manner as to ensure ventilation and prevent cage movement.
 - d. Rodent shipping containers or home cages are spritzed with Oxivir Tb as they leave the facility when being relocated from animal facility to animal facility.
 - e. All animals are placed in transport enclosures within the facility and then carried or carted to the vehicle transporting them.
 - f.

- g. Vehicles used for transport should be well ventilated and equipped with heating and air-conditioning when necessary to maintain temperatures consistent with the recommendations of the AWR and/or the Guide.
- h. To ensure animals are transported within the correct temperature range, the temperature of the cargo space where the animals are held is recorded when the animals are loaded and again when unloaded on
Temperature is measured at the primary enclosure level when using a secondary enclosure.
- i. Transportation of animals in private vehicles is discouraged. The use of private vehicles for transporting animals will need to be approved by the IACUC and the IACUC may require a vehicle inspection.
- j. Transportation can be stressful. Movement of animals should be well planned, coordinated by trained/experienced personnel, and utilize direct transport routes to minimize transit time.
- k. The interior of the vehicle's animal cargo space should be kept clean and free of animal waste.

animal cargo space (s) (b) (6) (c) (i) (v) and (b) (5) (6) (d) (0) (0) (0)